SUBJECT - CHEMISTRY

Time : 3 :00 Hrs. समय : 3 घंटे Max. Marks (अधिकतम अंक): 720

READ THE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY (कृपया इन निर्देशों को ध्यान से पढें)

Imp	ortant Instructions:	महत	वपूर्ण निर्देश :
1.	The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on Side-1 and Side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.	1.	उत्तर पत्र इस परीक्षा पुस्तिका के अन्दर रखा है। जब आपको परीक्षा पुस्तिका खोलने को कहा जाए, तो उत्तर पत्र निकाल कर पृष्ठ-1 एवं पृ ष्ठ-2 पर केवल नीले/काले बॉल पॉइंट पेन से विवरण भरें।
2.	The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions . Each question carries 4 marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks . For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720 .	2.	परीक्षा की अवधि 3 घंटे है एवं परीक्षा पुस्तिका में 180 प्रश्न हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 4 अंक का है। प्रत्येक सही उत्तर के लिए परीक्षार्थी को 4 अंक दिए जाएंगे। प्रत्येक गलत उत्तर के लिए कुल योग में से एक अंक घटाया जाएगा। अधिकतम अंक 720 हैं।
3.	Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking response.	3.	इस पृष्ठ पर विवरण अंकित करने एंव उत्तर पत्र पर निशान लगाने के लिए केवल नीले/काले बॉल पॉइंट पेन का प्रयोग करें।
4.	Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.	4.	रफ कार्य इस परीक्षा पुस्तिका में निर्धारित स्थान पर ही करें।
5.	On completion of the test, the candidate must handover the Answer Sheet to the invigilator in the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.	5.	परीक्षा सम्पन्न होने पर, परीक्षार्थी कक्ष/हॉल छोडने से पूर्व उत्तर पत्र कक्ष निरीक्षक को अवश्य सौंप दें। परीक्षार्थी अपने साथ प्रश्न पुस्तिका को ले जा सकते हैं।
6.	The CODE for this Booklet is Make sure that the CODE printed on Side-2 of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklets and the Answer Sheets.	6.	इस पुस्तिका का संकेत है यह सुनिश्चित कर लें कि इस पुस्तिका का संकेत, उत्तर पत्र के पृष्ठ-2 पद छपे संकेत से मिलता है। अगर यह भिन्न हो, तो परीक्षार्थी दूसरी परीक्षा पुस्तिका और उत्तर पत्र लेने के लिए निरीक्षक को तुरन्त अवगत कराएं।
7.	The Candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your roll no. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.	7.	परीक्षार्थी सुनिश्चित करें कि इस उत्तर पत्र को मोड़ा न जाए एवं उस पर कोई अन्य निशान न लगाएं। परीक्षार्थी अपना अनुक्रमांक प्रश्न पुस्तिका/उत्तर पत्र में निर्धारित स्थान के अतिरिक्त अन्यत्र न लिखें।
8.	Use of white fluid for correction is NOT permissible on the Answer Sheet.	8.	उत्तर पत्र पर किसी प्रकार के संशोधन हेतु व्हाइट फ़्लूइड के प्रयोग की अनुमति नहीं है।

In case of any ambiguity in translation of any question, English version shall be treated as final.

प्रश्नों के अनुवाद में किसी अस्पष्टता की स्थिति में, अंग्रेजी संस्करण को ही अन्तिम माना जायेगा।

Name of the Candidate (in Capital letters) :	
Roll Number : in figures :	in words :
Name of Examination Centre (in Capital letters) :	
Candidate's Signature:	Invigilator's Signature:

Ans.	(2) Actinoid contraction(3) 5f, 6d and 7s levels having com(4) 4f and 5d levels being close in 6(3)		rgies	
137.	An example of a sigma bonded org (1) Ruthenocene (2) Grigna		•	Cobaltocene
Ans.	(2)	S	· /	
138.	Which one is the wrong statement			
	(1) de-Broglie's wavelength is given	$h by \lambda = \frac{h}{mv}$, where m = mass of the	he particle, υ = group
	velocity of the particle.			
	(2) The uncertainty principle is ΔE	$\star \Delta t \geq \frac{h}{4\pi}$		
	(3) Half filled and fully filled orbitals greater symmetry and more balance(4) The energy of 2s orbital is less	ed arrangen	nent.	
Ans.	(4)			
139.	Mixture of chloroxylenol and terpine	eol acts as :		
Ans.	(1) Analgesic (2) Antisep (2)	otic	(3) Antipyretic	(4) Antibiotic
140.	The element Z = 114 has beeen digroup and electronic configuration	?		
	(1) Halogen family, [Rn] 5f ¹⁴ 6d ¹⁰ 7s ²		(2) Carbon family, [R	n] 5f ¹⁴ 6d ¹⁰ 7s ² 7p ²
Ans.	(3) Oxygen family, [Rn] 5f ¹⁴ 6d ¹⁰ 7s ² (2)	/p	(4) Nitrogen family, [I	KNJ ST 60 787P
141.	A 20 litre container at 400 K container of solid SrO). The volume of fitted in the container. The maximum maximum value, will be: (Given that: SrCO ₃ (s) \ightharpoonum SrO(s)	of the contair m volume of	ner is now decreased be the container, when pr	y moving the movable piston
Ans.	(1) 5 litre (2) 10 litre (1)		(3) 4 litre	(4) 2 litre

The reason for greater range of oxidation states in actinoids is attributed to :

(1) The radioactive nature of actinoids

136.

142.	12. Predict the correct intermediate and product in the following reaction :							
	$H_3C - C \equiv CH \frac{H_2O, H_2SO}{H_9SO_4}$	D ₄ → intermediate	>product					
	(1) A : H ₃ C-C=CH ₂	B:H ₃ C-C-CH ₃	(2) A : H₃C-	-C=CH₂ OH	B : CH ₃ –6	C−CH₂ SO₄		
	(1) A: H ₃ C-C=CH ₂ SO ₄ (3) A: CH ₃ -C-CH ₃ O	B : H ₃ C−C≡CH	(4) A : H ₃ C-	-C=CH ₂ OH	B : H ₃ C–0	C−CH₃ O		
Ans.	(4)							
143.	Which of the following	is a sink for CO?						
	(1) Haemoglobin (3) Oceans		(2) Micro organisms (4) Plants	s present in	the soil.			
Ans.	(1)		(1) Flame					
144.	Which of the following reactions is appropriate for converting acetamide to methanamine? (1) Carbylamine reaction (2) Hoffmann hypobromamide reaction (3) Stephens reaction (4) Gabriels phthalimide synthesis							
Ans.	(2)							
145.	The species, having bo	-						
Ans.	(1) PH ₃ (4)	(2) CIF ₃	(3) NCl ₃		(4) BCI ₃			
146.	The correct of order th complexes CoCl ₃ .6NH		•	•	excess is t	reated with the		
	(1) 1 AgCl, 3AgCl, 2Ag		(2) 3AgCl, ²					
Ans.	(3) 3AgCl, 2AgCl, 1 Ag (3)	gCI	(4) 2 AgCl,	3 AgCl, 1 A	AgCl			
Alio.	(5)							
147.	For a given reaction Δl	For a given reaction $\Delta H = 35.5 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ and $\Delta S = 83.6 \text{ JK}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$. The reaction is spontaneous at :						
	(Assume that ΔH and ΔH	∆S do not vary with	n temperature)					
	(1) T < 425 K	(2) T > 425 K	(3) All temp	eratures	(4) T > 29	98 K		
Ans.	(2)							
148.	Match the interhalogen compounds of Column I with the geometry in column II and Assign the correct							

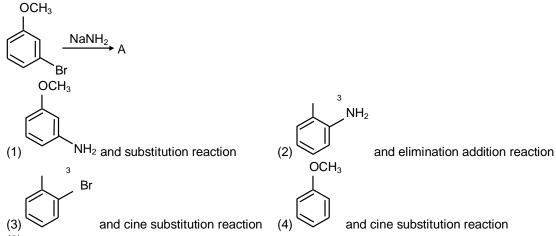
code.	0 1		3
	Column I		Column II
(a)	XX'	(i)	T-shape
(b)	XX ₃ '	(ii)	Pentagonal bipyramidal
(c)	XX ₅ '	(iii)	Linear
(d)	XX ₇ '	(iv)	Square-pyramidal
		(v)	Tetrahedral

Code:

- (a) (b) (c) (d) (a) (b) (c) (d) (iii) (ii) (iii) (ii) (1) (iv) (i) (2)(i) (iv)
- (3) (v) (iv) (iii) (ii) (4) (iv) (iii) (i)

Ans. (2)

149. Identify A and predict the type of reaction :



Ans. (2)

- **150.** Which one of the following statements is not correct?
 - (1) Catalyst does not initiate any reaction.
 - (2) The value of equilibrium constant is changed in the presence of a catalyst in the reaction at equilibrium.
 - (3) Enzymes catalyse mainly bio-chemical reactions
 - (4) Coenzymes increase the catalytic activity of enzyme.

Ans. (2

- **151.** Name the gas that can readily decolourise acidified KMnO₄ solution:
 - (1) CO₂
- (2) SO_2
- (3) NO₂
- (4) P₂O₅

Ans. (2)

Ans.

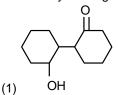
152. The correct increasing order of basic strength for the following compounds is :



- **153.** If molality of the dilute solution is doubled, the value of molal depression constant (K_f) will be:
- (1) doubled
- (2) halved
- (3) tripled
- (4) unchanged

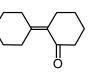
Ans. (4)

154. Of the following, which is the product formed when cyclohexanone undergoes aldol condensation followed by heating?



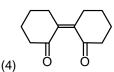
(2)

Κı



(3)

OH



Ans. (2)

155. The equilibrium constants of the following are :

$$N_2 + 3H_2 \rightleftharpoons 2 NH_3$$

$$N_2 + O_2 \rightleftharpoons 2 NO$$

$$H_2 + \frac{1}{2} O_2 \longrightarrow H_2 O K_3$$

The equilibrium constant (K) of the reaction :

$$2NH_3 + \frac{5}{2}O_2 \xrightarrow{\qquad \qquad} 2NO + 3 \ H_2O, \ will \ be :$$

- (1) $K_1 K_3^3/K_2$
- (2) $K_2 K_3^3/K_1$
- (3) $K_2 K_3 / K_1$
- (4) $K_2^3 K_3/K_1$

Ans. (2)

- **156.** The correct statement regarding electrohile is :
 - (1) Electrophile is a negatively charged species and can form a bond by acepting a pair of electrons from a nucleophile
 - (2) Electrophile is a negatively charged species and can form a bond by acepting a pair of electrons from another electrophile
 - (3) Electrophiles are generally neutral species and can form a bond by accepting a pair of electrons from a nucleophile
 - (4) Electrophile can be either neutral or positively charged species and can form a bond by accepting a pair of electrons from a nucleophile

Ans. (4)

- **157.** A gas is allowed to expand in a well insulated container against a constant external pressure of 2.5 atm from an initial volume of 2.50 L to a final volume of 4.50 L. The change in internal energy ΔU of the gas in joules will be:
 - (1) 1136.25 J
- (2) -500 J
- (3) -505 J
- (4) +505 J

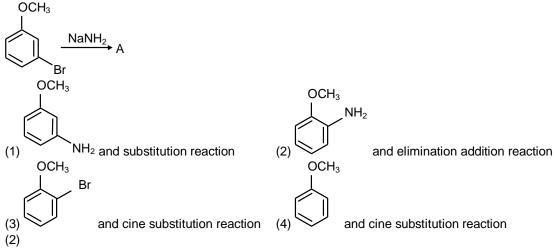
Ans. (3)

Code:

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(2)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)
(3)	(v)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)

Ans. (2)

149. Identify A and predict the type of reaction :



Ans. (2)

- **150.** Which one of the following statements is not correct?
 - (1) Catalyst does not initiate any reaction.
 - (2) The value of equilibrium constant is changed in the presence of a catalyst in the reaction at equilibrium.
 - (3) Enzymes catalyse mainly bio-chemical reactions
 - (4) Coenzymes increase the catalytic activity of enzyme.

Ans. (2)

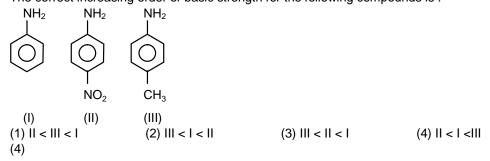
151. Name the gas that can readily decolourise acidified KMnO₄ solution:

- (1) CO₂
- (2) SO₂
- (3) NO₂
- (4) P₂O₅

Ans. (2)

Ans.

152. The correct increasing order of basic strength for the following compounds is :



	H ₃ C – 0	$C \equiv CH \frac{H_2O, H_2SO}{H_9SO_4}$	⁴ → intermediate	P (B)	roduct			
	(1) A : I	H ₃ C-C=CH ₂	B:H ₃ C-C-CH ₃	3	(2) A : H ₃ C-	-C=CH ₂ OH	B : CH ₃ -	C-CH ₂
	(3) A : (CH ₃ -C-CH ₃	B : H ₃ C−C−CH ₃		(4) A : H ₃ C-	-C=CH ₂ OH	B : H ₃ C-	C−CH₃ O
Ans.	(4)							
143.		_	s a sink for CO?					
	(1) Hae	emoglobin		(2) Mici (4) Plar	o organisms	present in t	the soil.	
Ans.	(1)	ans		(4) Piai	11.5			
	(.)							
144.	Which	of the following r	reactions is appro	opriate fo	or converting	acetamide	to methan	amine ?
	(1) Carbylamine reaction							
Ans.	(3) Step (2)	ohens reaction		(4) Gab	riels phthalin	nide synthe	sis	
Alis.	(2)							
145.	The spe	ecies, having bo	angles of 120	⁰ is :				
	(1) PH ₃	i	(2) CIF ₃		(3) NCI ₃		(4) BCI ₃	
Ans.	(4)							
146.	The co	rrect of order the	e stoichiometries	of AnCl	formed when	n AαNO _s in 6	evcess is t	reated with the
140.			, CoCl ₃ . 5NH ₃ , C	_		•	5X0033 13 1	reated with the
		gCl, 3AgCl, 2Ag			(2) 3AgCl, 1		CI	
		ICI, 2AgCI, 1 Ag	CI		(4) 2 AgCl, 3	3 AgCl, 1 A	gCl	
Ans.	(3)							
147.	For a d	iven reaction ΔΕ	$d = 35.5 \text{ k.l mol}^{-1}$	and AS	= 83 6 JK ⁻¹ n	nol ⁻¹ The re	eaction is	spontaneous at .
	For a given reaction $\Delta H = 35.5 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ and $\Delta S = 83.6 \text{ JK}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$. The reaction is spontaneous at (Assume that ΔH and ΔS do not vary with temperature)						sportarioodo at .	
	(1) T <		(2) T > 425 K	•	,	eratures	(4) T > 2	98 K
Ans.	(2)							
148.		the interhalogen	compounds of C	Column I	with the geor	metry in col	umn II and	Assign the correct
	code.	Calumn			Calumn II			
	(a)	Column I XX'		(i)	Column II T-shape			
	(a) (b)	XX ₃ '		(i) (ii)	Pentagonal	bipyramidal	1	
	(c)	XX ₅ '		(iii)	Linear			

Square-pyramidal

Tetrahedral

(iv)

(v)

Predict the correct intermediate and product in the following reaction :

142.

 XX_7'

(d)

	(2) Actinoid contraction(3) 5f, 6d and 7s levels(4) 4f and 5d levels bei	having comparable ener	rgies	
Ans.	(3)			
137.	An example of a sigma (1) Ruthenocene	bonded organometallic (2) Grignard's reagent	•	obaltocene
Ans.	(2)			
138.	Which one is the wron	_		
	(1) de-Broglie's wavele	ngth is given by $\lambda = \frac{h}{mv}$, where m = mass of th	e particle, υ = group
	velocity of the particle.			
	(2) The uncertainty prin	nciple is $\Delta E \times \Delta t \geq \frac{n}{4\pi}$		
	greater symmetry and	illed orbitals have greate more balanced arrangem bital is less than the ene	nent.	r exchange energy, e of Hydrogen like atoms.
Ans.	(4)			
139.	Mixture of chloroxyleno	ol and terpineol acts as:		
Ans.	(1) Analgesic(2)	(2) Antiseptic	(3) Antipyretic	(4) Antibiotic
140.	The element Z = 114 h group and electronic co (1) Halogen family, [Rn	onfiguration?	ently. It will belong to we (2) Carbon family, [Rr	which of the following family/ n] 5f ¹⁴ 6d ¹⁰ 7s ² 7p ²
Ans.	(3) Oxygen family, [Rn] (2)	5f ¹⁴ 6d ¹⁰ 7s ² 7p ⁴	(4) Nitrogen family, [R	Rn] 5f ¹⁴ 6d ¹⁰ 7s ² 7p ⁶
141.	volume of solid SrO). T fitted in the container. T maximum value, will be	The volume of the contain The maximum volume of E:	ner is now decreased by the container, when pre	an excess of SrO neglect the moving the movable piston essure of CO ₂ attains its
	(1) 5 litre	SrO(s) + CO ₂ (g), K _I (2) 10 litre	o = 1.6 atm ⁾ (3) 4 litre	(4) 2 litre
Ans.	(1)	(2) 10 iii.ie	(3) 4 IIII e	(4) 2 lide

The reason for greater range of oxidation states in actinoids is attributed to :

(1) The radioactive nature of actinoids

136.