

(i) Series :  $\frac{1}{k_{\text{eff}}} = \frac{1}{k_1} + \frac{1}{k_2}$

(ii) Parallel :  $k_{\text{eff}} = k_1 + k_2$

(iii) Spring cut into two parts  
in ratio m:n



$$k_1 = \frac{(m+n)k}{m}, \quad k_2 = \frac{(m+n)k}{n}$$

### Linear SHM

(i) Displacement :  $x = A \sin(\omega t + \phi)$

(ii) Velocity :  $\frac{dx}{dt} = A\omega \cos(\omega t + \phi)$   
 $= \omega \sqrt{A^2 - x^2}$

(iii) Acceleration :  $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = -A\omega^2 \sin(\omega t + \phi)$   
 $= -\omega^2 x$

(iv) Phase :  $\omega t + \phi$

(v) Phase Constant :  $\phi$

# SHM

### Energy in SHM

(i) K.E. =  $\frac{1}{2} m\omega^2(A^2 - x^2)$

(ii) U =  $\frac{1}{2} m\omega^2 x^2$

(iii) E = K+U =  $\frac{1}{2} m\omega^2 A^2$   
= Constant.

$x = A \sin(\omega t + \delta)$  Where

$$A = \sqrt{A_1^2 + A_2^2 + 2A_1A_2 \cos\phi}$$

$$\text{and } \tan\delta = \frac{A_2 \sin\phi}{A_1 + A_2 \cos\phi}$$

### Angular SHM

(i) Displacement :  $\theta = \theta_0 \sin(\omega t + \phi)$

(ii) Angular Velocity :  $\frac{d\theta}{dt} = \theta_0 \omega \cos(\omega t + \phi)$

(iii) Acceleration :  $\frac{d^2\theta}{dt^2} = -\theta_0 \omega^2 \sin(\omega t + \phi)$   
 $= -\omega^2 \theta$

(iv) Phase :  $\omega t + \phi$

(v) Phase Constant :  $\phi$